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10/587,691	07/27/2006	Hannes P. Hofmann	EFFEP0101US	7045	
Thomas W Ad	7590 01/28/201	0	EXAM	IINER	
Renner Otto Boisselle & Sklar			NGUYEN, HUNG D		
1621 Euclid A 19th Floor	venue		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Cleveland, OH	44115		3742		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/587,691 HOFMANN, HANNES P.

Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	HUNG NGUYEN	3742					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. Estensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period is Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing aemed patent term adjustment. See as of CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a repty be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1)☑ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 D 2a)☐ This action is FINAL. 2b)☑ This 3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.		e merits is				
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-22 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 27. July 2006 is/are: a)(Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to b drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	a 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 3. ☒ Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage				
Attachment(s) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SG/08) Paper No(s)Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informel F	ite					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 12/23/2009 has been entered

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-15 and 18-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tamm (US Pat. 5,666,722) (Previously cited) in view of Tsushima (US Pub. 2004/0086806) (previously cited) and Chang et al. (US Pat. 5,774,340) or McCormack et al. (US Pub. 2002/0175402) (both newly cited).
- 4. Regarding claims 1 and 12, Tamm discloses a structure having laser ablated features and method of fabricating comprising the following step:
 - a) Providing a printed circuit board 20 (Fig. 2a);
 - b) Coating the circuit board on the at least one side thereof with a dielectric 21 and 22 (Fig. 2a) (Col. 4, Lines 62-65) to form a dielectric layer;

c) Structuring the dielectric layer for producing a trenches 24, 25 and 26 (Fig. 2b) and vias 23a (Fig. 2c) therein using laser ablation (Col. 4, Line 66 to Col. 5, Line 2);

- e) Depositing a metal layer (Fig. 2d) onto the trenches and vias being completely filled with metal for forming conductor structures therein (Col. 5, Lines 11-14);
- f) Removing the metal layer and the primer layer (Fig. 2f) (Col. 5, Line 17-21), except for in the trenches and vias, to expose the dielectric layer if the primer layer has been deposited onto the entire surface in method step d).

Tamm does not disclose providing a printed circuit board having circuit traces on at least one side thereof; the trenches extending completely through the dielectric layer and depositing a primer layer into the produced trenches and vias only; the vias extending through the dielectric layer to the circuit traces.

Regarding claim 12, Tamm fails to show the primer layer is deposited by sputtering method.

Tsushima discloses the structuring the dielectric for producing a trenches 2b (Fig. 1c) using laser ablation (Par. 27), the trenches not extending completely through the dielectric (See Fig. 1d, the trench did not extending through layer 2); and depositing a primer layer into the produced trenches (Par. 31); and the primer layer is deposited by sputtering method (Par. 31). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to utilize in Tamm, the trenches not extending completely through the dielectric layer and depositing a primer layer into the produced

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trenches and vias only; and the primer layer is deposited by sputtering method, as taught by Tsushima, for the purpose of improving adhesion of the metal film and the dielectric layer.

Chang et al. discloses a step of providing a printed circuit board 54 (Fig. 2) having circuit traces 56/58 (Fig. 2) on at least one side thereof; and the vias 42 (Fig. 3) extending through the dielectric layer to the circuit traces (Fig. 3) (Col. 3, Line 61 to Col. 4, Line 10). McCormack et al. also discloses providing a printed circuit board 12 (Fig. 2) having circuit traces 14/16 (Fig. 2) on at least one side thereof; and the vias 58 (Fig. 7) extending through the dielectric layer to the circuit traces (Par. 31). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to utilize in Tamm, a printed circuit board having circuit traces on at least one side thereof and the vias extending through the dielectric layer to the circuit traces, as taught by Chang/McCormack, for the purpose of fabricating multilayer interconnect printed circuit board.

- 5. Regarding claim 2, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board where the trenches 24, 25, and 26 (Fig. 2b) and vias 23a (Fig. 2c) are produced in one single process operation (Col. 4, Lines 50-54; Col. 4, Line 66 to Col. 5, Line 2).
- Regarding claim 3 and 20, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board where the trenches and vias are performed by a laser ablation with direct-writing technique (Col. 6, Lines 17-24).

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7. Regarding claim 4, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board where the direct-write technique comprises scanning a laser beam across the dielectric layer at those surface regions of the dielectric in which the trenches and vias are to be produced (Col. 6, Lines 17-45).

- 8. Regarding claims 5 and 18, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board which adjusting the power of the laser beam to depend on the depth of the trenches and vias to be produced (Col. 3, Lines 38-40; Col. 6, Lines 45-47).
- Regarding claim 6, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board where the direct-write technique further comprises pulsing the laser beam (Col. 3, Lines 29-33).
- 10. Regarding claim 7, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board where adjusting the energy amount of the laser beam irradiated to a surface area of the dielectric layer to depend on the depth of the trenches and vias to be produced by setting the number of laser pulses being irradiated to said surface area (Col. 3, Line 38-43).
- 11. Regarding claims 8 and 22, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board where the direct-write technique further comprises decreasing the energy amount of successive energy pulses being irradiated to a surface area of the dielectric layer (Col. 3, Line 38-43).
- Regarding claim 9, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board where the trenches are connected to another trenches in different layers for multilayer board (Fig. 2f).

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13. Regarding claim 10, Tamm further discloses a method wherein further method steps are performed once or several times after method step f): g) Depositing another dielectric layer onto the dielectric layer being provided with trenches and vias; and h) Repeating the steps c through f (Fig. 1g; Col. 4, Lines 42-49).

- 14. Regarding claims 11 and 19, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board wherein a terminating layer 12 and 13 (Fig. 1g) is deposited after any one of method steps f or h (Col. 4, Lines 42-49).
- Regarding claim 13, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board wherein the metal layer is formed by electroless plating (Col. 5, Lines 59-61).
- Regarding claim 14, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board wherein the metal layer and the primer layer are removed by polishing (Col. 5, Lines 17-21).
- 17. Regarding claim 15, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board wherein producing trenches and vias in the dielectric in method step c comprises producing trenches, said trenches also comprising vias (Fig. 2b-2c).
- 18. Regarding claim 21, Tamm further discloses a method of manufacturing printed circuit board wherein a method of manufacturing printed circuit board where the printed circuit board is a multilayer circuit board comprising two sides and a conductor pattern on each side (Fig. 2f) (Col. 4, Lines 32-35).
- Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tamm
 (US Pat. 5,666,722) in view of Tsushima (US Pub. 2004/0086806), Chang et al. (US

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Pat. 5,774,340) or McCormack et al. (US Pub. 2002/0175402) and further view of Konrad et al. (US Pub. 2002/0129972) (Previously cited).

- 20. Regarding claim 16, Tamm/Tsushima/Chang or McCormack disclose substantially all features of the claimed invention as set forth above except the functional layers are deposited onto the metal layer for electrically contacting electric components. Konrad et al. discloses the functional layers are deposited onto the metal layer for electrically contacting electric components (Par. 49). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to utilize Tamm/Tsushima/Chang or McCormack, the functional layers are deposited onto the metal layer for electrically contacting electric components, as taught by Konrad et al., for the purpose of having a excellent conductive layer that makes contact with semiconductor chip.
- 21. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tamm (US Pat. 5,666,722) in view of Tsushima (US Pub. 2004/0086806), Chang et al. (US Pat. 5,774,340) or McCormack et al. (US Pub. 2002/0175402) and further view of Yokogawa et al. (US Pat. 6,740,416) (Previously cited).
- 22. Regarding claim 17, Tamm/Tsushima/Chang or McCormack disclose all the claimed features as set forth above **except** the circuit carrier is manufactured in a horizontal line. Yokogawa et al. discloses the circuit carrier is manufactured in a horizontal line (Col. 18, Line 53 to Col. 19, Lines 8). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to utilize in Tamm/Tsushima/Chang or McCormack, the circuit carrier is manufactured in a

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horizontal line, as taught by Yokogawa et al., for the purpose of simplifying the process of manufacture the printed circuit board.

Response to Arguments

23. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-22 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HUNG NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571)270-7828. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9M-6PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tu Hoang can be reached on (571)272-4780. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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/HUNG NGUYEN/ Examiner, Art Unit 3742 1/25/2010 /Quang T Van/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3742